Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Comox Valley Airport Commission

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Comox Valley Airport Commission, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2017 and the statements of changes in net assets, financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Comox Valley Airport Commission as at March 31, 2017 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Courtenay, B.C. June 21, 2017

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION MARCH 31, 2017

	AS	SETS				
		Operating	(Capital Asset	2017	2016
CVID DIVID A COURT		Fund		Fund	Total	Total
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash	\$	1,575,794	\$	1,619,301	\$ 3,195,095	\$ 5,302,419
Accounts receivable		292,108		59,390	351,498	419,925
Prepaid expenses		45,743		-	45,743	51,362
		1,913,645		1,678,691	3,592,336	5,773,706
TERM DEPOSITS		-		3,809,099	3,809,099	
TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 3)		-		10,887,855	10,887,855	11,724,805
AGREEMENT FOR PURCHASE (Note 4)				1,813,983	1,813,983	1,813,983
	\$	1,913,645	\$	18,189,628	\$ 20,103,273	\$ 19,312,494

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

	Operating Fund	(Capital Asset Fund		2017 Total		2016 Total
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 92,913	\$	-	\$	92,913	\$	244,925
Government remittances payable	58,175		_		58,175		48,887
Wages payable	77,081		_		77,081		76,272
Deferred revenue	47,352		_		47,352		32,487
Refundable tenant deposit	31,430		_		31,430		30,530
Demand loan payable	-		-		-		377,467
	-						
	306,951		-		306,951		810,568
FUTURE OBLIGATON FOR PROPERTY							
PURCHASE (Note 4)	-		1,803,983		1,803,983		1,803,983
	306,951		1,803,983		2,110,934		2,614,551
	 300,731		1,005,705		2,110,754		2,014,331
FUND BALANCES							
Invested in capital assets	_		16,385,645		16,385,645		16,010,938
Unrestricted	1,606,694		-		1,606,694		687,005
	-				-		
	1,606,694		16,385,645	4	17,992,339		16,697,943
						_	
	\$ 1,913,645	\$	18,189,628	\$	20,103,273	\$	19,312,494

COMMITMENTS (Note 5)

Approved by the Directors	
-	Director
	Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

	(Operating Fund	Capital Asset Fund	2017 Total	2016 Total
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	687,005	\$16,010,938	\$16,697,943	\$ 15,646,750
NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR		1,290,991	3,405	1,294,396	1,051,193
INTERFUND TRANSFERS		(371,302)	371,302		
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$	1,606,694	\$ 16,385,645	\$17,992,339	\$ 16,697,943

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

REVENUE	Operating Fund	Capital Asset Fund	2017 Total	2016 Total
Advertising	\$ 42,968	\$ -	\$ 42,968	\$ 36,496
Airport improvement fees (Note 6)	ψ 12,700 -	903,625	903,625	886,130
Concessions - car	545,457	-	545,457	469,714
Concessions - other	90,318	_	90,318	88,509
Concessions - parking	909,427		909,427	835,829
Fuel commissions	136,220		136,220	123,423
Miscellaneous	12,600		81,676	42,040
Office rentals	236,744		236,744	239,943
Terminal fees	1,775,903	-	1,775,903	1,614,341
	3,749,637	972,701	4,722,338	4,336,425
EXPENSES				
Airport improvement fees expense (Note 6)	-	66,812	66,812	64,974
Amortization	_	902,285	902,285	901,040
Bad debts	140		140	1,070
Bank charges and interest on callable debt	6,121	199	6,320	14,630
Board expenses (Note 7)	68,074		68,074	56,953
Customs recovery	600		600	-
Fuel facility expenses	9,072	-	9,072	8,728
Insurance	50,126	-	50,126	54,053
Marketing, public relations and	,		,	,
business development	117,906	-	117,906	143,461
Office and miscellaneous	87,995		87,995	91,209
Parking administration	87,633		87,633	75,588
Professional fees	129,865		129,865	87,374
Property taxes	105,585		105,585	83,242
Rent	39,277		39,277	39,277
Repairs and maintenance (Note 8)	223,951	-	223,951	189,507
Utilities	127,555	-	127,555	123,753
Volunteer expense	10,625		10,625	9,428
Wages and benefits (Note 7)	1,394,121		1,394,121	1,340,945
	2,458,646	969,296	3,427,942	3,285,232
NET CURRILIC FOR THE VEAR	¢ 1 200 001	¢ 2.405	¢ 1 204 20¢	¢ 1.051.102
NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR	\$ 1,290,991	\$ 3,405	\$ 1,294,396	\$ 1,051,193

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

	Operating Fund	Capital Asset Fund	2017 Total	2016 Total
CASH FLOWS FROM				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash receipts	\$ 3,818,502	\$ 987,128	\$ 4,805,630	\$ 4,313,783
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,200,732)	(66,810)	(1,267,542)	(952,094)
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees	(1,393,312)	_	(1,393,312)	(1,316,237)
Interest paid		(199)	(199)	(11,022)
	1,224,458	920,119	2,144,577	2,034,430
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				100 200
Purchase of tangible capital assets	-	(65,335)	(65,335)	(83,722)
Purchase of term deposits		(3,809,099)	(3,809,099)	
	1-	(3,874,434)	(3,874,434)	(83,722)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Interfund transfers	(371,302)	371,302	_	
Repayment of callable debt	(5 / 1,5 02)	(377,467)	(377,467)	(39,648)
	(371,302)	(6,165)	(377,467)	(39,648)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	853,156	(2,960,480)	(2,107,324)	1,911,060
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	722,638	4,579,781	5,302,419	3,391,359
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,575,794	\$ 1,619,301	\$ 3,195,095	\$ 5,302,419

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

1. INCORPORATION AND OPERATIONS

The Comox Valley Airport Commission ("the Commission") was granted letters patent under the Canada Corporations Act on February 12, 1996. The Commission has operated the civilian air terminal located on leased land from the Crown on CFB Comox grounds since June 1, 1996. Further, it owns and is developing an adjacent parcel of land on Knight Road to meet further air service demands.

All earnings of the Commission are retained and reinvested in civilian airport operations and development.

The Commission is exempt from federal and provincial income taxes.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

a) Fund Accounting

The Commission follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

The Operating Fund accounts for the Commission's operating activities.

The Capital Fund reports the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses related to the Commission's property and equipment purchases, expansion projects and debt repayment.

b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, such as amortization of capital assets, prepaids, accrued payables and the agreement for purchase at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the current year. These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are made to income as appropriate in the year they become known.

c) Tangible Capital Assets

Property and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Amortization is provided using the straight-line method at rates intended to amortize the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives. In the year of acquisition, amortization is taken at one-half of the rates indicated in Note 3.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

d) Long-lived Assets

Measurement

Long-lived assets consist of all non-current assets. Long-lived assets for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies.

Impairment

A long-lived asset is tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the sum of the undiscounted cash flows resulting from its use and eventual disposition. The impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

e) Financial Instruments

Measurement

The Commission initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value, except for certain non-arm's length transactions.

The Commission subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost unless otherwise disclosed.

Impairment

Financial assets measured at cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of the write-down is recognized in net income. The previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in net income.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

f) Revenue Recognition

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the Capital Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the Operating Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Revenues are receivable when services are performed, the facilities are utilized or the amounts are earned pursuant to the related agreements.

Terminal fees are recognized as each passenger enplanes and deplanes.

Airport improvement fee revenue is recognized as each passenger enplanes.

Car concession revenue is recognized monthly based on a percentage of gross monthly revenue from car rental agencies.

Parking concession revenue is recognized as the lot is used.

Office and property rental revenue is recognized monthly per rental agreements.

Other concession revenue is recognized monthly based on a percentage of gross revenue from other concessions.

Advertising revenue is recognized monthly as it is earned.

Fuel commissions revenue is recognized daily based on a percentage of volume used at the fuel facility.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

3. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

				2017		2016
	Straight-line		A	lccumulated		
	Basis	Cost	A	mortization	Net	Net
Land	_	\$ 651,614	\$	-	\$ 651,614	\$ 651,489
Airside	Lease term	8,829,367		4,519,006	4,310,361	4,693,727
Building	Lease term	305,520		116,504	189,016	195,809
Equipment	10 years	413,746		334,400	79,346	81,075
Air terminal building	Lease term	7,795,281		4,121,280	3,674,001	3,997,468
Furniture and fixtures	10 years	317,873		272,533	45,340	45,302
Conveyance equipment	20 years	1,190,327		703,987	486,340	545,856
Fuel facility	Lease term	150,356		54,507	95,849	104,184
Groundside	Lease term	1,975,765		1,002,367	973,398	1,030,553
Computer equipment	3 years	98,973		87,061	11,912	8,664
Expansion Development Costs						
International terminal		209,522		-	209,522	209,522
Operations building		161,156		-	161,156	161,156
		\$ 22,099,500	\$	11,211,645	\$ 10,887,855	\$ 11,724,805

Airside, building, air terminal building, fuel facility and groundside assets are amortized over the life remaining on the land lease with the Department of National Defence. As at March 31, 2017, 11 years remain on this lease.

Expansion development costs include plans and designs for future development. No amortization will be recorded until the development is complete.

4. AGREEMENT FOR PURCHASE

In 2010, the Commission entered into a contract to purchase a parcel of land adjacent to their current location for \$2,200,000. This parcel is currently part of a larger parcel which is to be subdivided. The completion date is 30 days following the registration of the Subdivision Plan with the Victoria Land Title Office. A \$10,000 non-refundable deposit has been paid and \$490,000 is due to be paid upon the completion date. The balance of the purchase price is to be paid, without interest, in 60 monthly instalments of \$28,333.

Management believes that the subdivision will occur some time within the next three to five years. The commitment and agreement for purchase have been valued based on the assumption that it will occur in four years and at a 3% per annum discount rate. The commitment could range between \$1,803,983 and \$1,912,900 depending on the timing of when the subdivision occurs. There has been no change to those assumptions in the current year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

5. COMMITMENTS

Effective June 30, 2003 the Commission entered into a 25 year lease with the Department of National Defence for the land where the airport is situated.

The Commission is committed under a lease agreement for land with total future lease payments of \$441,871, assuming there is no change in the payment amount over the term of the lease.

Lease payments in each of the next five years are estimated as follows:

2018	\$ 39,277
2019	39,277
2020	39,277
2021	39,277
2022	39,277

6. AIRPORT IMPROVEMENT FEES

The Commission collects an airport improvement fee (AIF) of \$5 per outgoing passenger to fund the cost of major capital expenditures. These fees are collected by the air carriers under an agreement between the Commission, the Air Transport Association of Canada (ATAC) and the air carriers serving the airport, entitling the air carriers to withhold a 7% administration fee. By agreement with ATAC, AIF revenues are restricted to pay for the capital and related financing costs of major airport infrastructure development.

To March 31, 2017, the cumulative capital related expenditures exceed the cumulative AIF revenues and capital grant funding as follows:

		2017		2016
Capital Grant Funding:				
Comox Valley Regional District	\$	4,000,000	\$	4,000,000
Province of B.C.		2,000,000		2,000,000
Transport Canada		1,900,000		1,900,000
Canadian Airport Authority		535,562		535,562
AIF revenue collected		10,231,059		9,327,434
AIF interest earned		221,330		152,251
		18,887,951		17,915,247
AIF administration fees		(742,906)		(676,094)
AIF capital expenditures		(20,960,513)	((20,930,380)
Financing costs		(2,203,827)		(2,203,658)
		(23,907,246)	((23,810,132)
capital expenditures funded by debt and operating fund transfers	\$	(5,019,295)	\$	(5,894,885)
	Bug Siddle Street and Bridge		Angula leating	income applicate by a communicate in Sci

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

7. MANAGEMENT AND DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

Included in wages and benefits expense for the current year are gross wages paid to the Chief Executive Officer, Operations Manager, Deputy Operations Manager, Facilities Manager, Marketing Manager, and Administration Manager totaling \$513,150 (2016 - \$484,017).

Included in board expenses for the current year are fees paid to the Board of the Commission for their services as directors totaling \$49,659 (2016 - \$48,975).

8. GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE

During the year the Commission received \$31,280 from the Province of British Columbia under the British Columbia Air Access Program. The amount received has been applied to reduce the cost of the related expenses.

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Commission is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Commission is not exposed to significant concentrations at the financial statement date except as otherwise disclosed.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Commission will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Commission is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and the leases.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Commission will incur losses based on credit that it has granted to other parties. The total amount of this exposure is the balance in accounts receivable of \$351,498 (2016 - \$419,925). Two customers account for 64% of this balance (2016 - two customers accounted for 54%), but management feels that the risk of collection of these amounts is minimal due to the past payment history of these customers.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk. The Commission is mainly exposed to interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Commission is exposed to interest rate risk on its fixed interest rate financial instruments. Given the current composition of debt, fixed-rate instruments subject the Commission to a fair value risk. The estimated fair value of the Commission's long-term debt liability on March 31, 2017 is \$1,803,983 (2016 - \$1,803,983). This value is derived using estimates of the timing and amount of future cash payments and current market interest rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2017

10. ENVIRONMENTAL MATTERS

The Commission is subject to various laws, regulations and government policies relating to health and safety, to the generation, storage, transportation, disposal and environment emissions of various substances, and to the protection of the environment in general. A risk of environmental liability is inherent in the operations; real estate ownership, operation or control; and other commercial activities of the Commission with respect to both current and past operations. Although the effect on operating results and liquidity cannot be reasonably estimated, management believes, based on current information, that environmental matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Commission's financial condition or competitive position.